

## ABSTRAK

Pramono, Rani Agustin. 2025. *Pengaruh Math Anxiety terhadap Kemampuan Numerasi Peserta Didik Materi Statistika Tingkat Sekolah Menengah Pertama*. Skripsi. Program Studi Pendidikan Matematika Universitas PGRI Delta. Dosen Pembimbing: 1) Siti Nuriyatin, S.Pd., M.Pd. 2) Dewi Sukriyah, S.Si., M.Pd.

Kata Kunci: *Math Anxiety, Kemampuan Numerasi, Statistika, Sekolah Menengah Pertama, Regresi Linear Sederhana.*

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh *math anxiety* terhadap kemampuan numerasi peserta didik pada materi statistika di tingkat Sekolah Menengah Pertama. Penelitian dilaksanakan di SMPN 1 Wonoayu dengan pendekatan deskriptif kuantitatif menggunakan metode regresi linear sederhana. Sampel penelitian berjumlah 35 peserta didik yang dipilih melalui teknik simple random sampling. Instrumen yang digunakan adalah angket *math anxiety* dan tes kemampuan numerasi. Hasil analisis menunjukkan adanya pengaruh negatif dan signifikan antara *math anxiety* dan kemampuan numerasi, dengan nilai signifikansi 0,045 ( $< 0,05$ ) dan koefisien regresi -0,129. Hal ini berarti semakin tinggi tingkat *math anxiety*, semakin rendah kemampuan numerasi peserta didik. Nilai koefisien determinasi ( $R^2$ ) sebesar 0,116 mengindikasikan bahwa 11,6% kemampuan numerasi dipengaruhi oleh *math anxiety*, sedangkan sisanya dipengaruhi faktor lain. Analisis lebih lanjut pada indikator menunjukkan bahwa peserta didik dengan tingkat *math anxiety* sedang cenderung memiliki kemampuan cukup baik, terutama dalam menafsirkan hasil analisis untuk memprediksi dan mengambil keputusan. Sementara itu, peserta didik dengan tingkat *math anxiety* rendah lebih unggul dalam penggunaan angka dan simbol untuk menyelesaikan permasalahan. Dengan demikian, penelitian ini menegaskan bahwa *math anxiety* merupakan salah satu faktor yang memengaruhi pencapaian kemampuan numerasi dalam pembelajaran statistika di Sekolah Menengah Pertama.

## ABSTRACT

Pramono, Rani Agustin. 2025. The Influence of Math Anxiety on Students' Numeracy Skills in Statistics Material at Junior High School Level. Thesis. Mathematics Education STUDY PROGRAM. Universitas PGRI Delta. Advisor: 1) Siti Nuriyatin, S.Pd., M.Pd. 2) Dewi Sukriyah, S.Si., M.Pd.

Keywords: *Math Anxiety, Numeracy Skills, Statistics, Junior High School, Simple Linear Regression.*

This study aims to: (1) describe students' learning activities during the implementation of the *Quantum Teaching* model, (2) describe students' conceptual understanding of functions after the implementation, and (3) analyze the effect of *Quantum Teaching* on conceptual understanding of functions in eighth-grade students. This quantitative research employed a *One-Shot Case Study* design with a sample of 25 students from class VIII-A of SMP PGRI 16 Sidoarjo. Data were collected through classroom activity observations and a conceptual understanding test in the form of essay questions, then analyzed using descriptive statistics and simple linear regression. The results showed that: (1) students' learning activities during the lessons were in the *very good* category, with an average engagement rate of 84.95%, (2) students' conceptual understanding was also in the *very good* category, with an average posttest score of 30.16 out of a maximum of 35, and (3) there was a positive and significant effect of Quantum Teaching on conceptual understanding, with a coefficient of determination of 88.1%,  $t_{\text{value}}$  of 13.061  $>$   $t_{\text{table}}$  of 2.069, and  $p$ -value of 0.000  $<$  0.05. The findings indicate that Quantum Teaching is effective in creating interactive learning environments and has a significant impact on improving students' mathematical conceptual understanding, particularly in function topics. However, this study has a limitation, namely the absence of a detailed observation rubric, which may lead to potential subjectivity in the assessment process. Future research is recommended to develop a more structured observation rubric to obtain more objective and reliable data.